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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER

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**TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES
DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US)
CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371**

U.S. APPLICATION NO. (IF KNOWN, SEE 37 CFR

09/743970

INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO.

PCT/FR99/01736

INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE

16 July 1999 (16.07.99)

PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED

17 July 1998 (17.07.98)

TITLE OF INVENTION

METHOD FOR TIMING DATA PROCESSING AND IMPLEMENTING DEVICE

APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US

PHILIPPE MACE

Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:

1. ☒ This is a **FIRST** submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.
2. ☐ This is a **SECOND** or **SUBSEQUENT** submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.
3. ☒ This is an express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)) at any time rather than delay examination until the expiration of the applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(b) and PCT Articles 22 and 39(1).
4. ☒ A proper Demand for International Preliminary Examination was made by the 19th month from the earliest claimed priority date.
5. ☒ A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371 (c) (2))
 - a. ☐ is transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).
 - b. ☒ has been transmitted by the International Bureau.
 - c. ☐ is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US).
6. ☒ A translation of the International Application into English (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)).
7. ☒ A copy of the International Search Report (PCT/ISA/210). attached to Item 13
8. ☒ Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(3))
 - a. ☐ are transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).
 - b. ☐ have been transmitted by the International Bureau.
 - c. ☐ have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired.
 - d. ☒ have not been made and will not be made.
9. ☐ A translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)).
10. ☒ An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(4)).
11. ☐ A copy of the International Preliminary Examination Report (PCT/IPEA/409).
12. ☐ A translation of the annexes to the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(5)).

Items 13 to 20 below concern document(s) or information included:

13. ☒ An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.
14. ☒ An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included.
15. ☒ A **FIRST** preliminary amendment.
16. ☐ A **SECOND** or **SUBSEQUENT** preliminary amendment.
17. ☐ A substitute specification.
18. ☐ A change of power of attorney and/or address letter.
19. ☒ Certificate of Mailing by Express Mail
20. Return postcard receipt

~~XXXXXX~~ Other items or information:

EL682442131US

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING UNDER 37 CFR 1.10

January 17, 2001

"Express Mail" mailing no.

Date of Deposit

I hereby certify that this application is being deposited with the United States Postal Service "Express Mail Post Office to Addressee" service under 37 CFR 1.10 on the date indicated above and is addressed to the Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Washington, D.C. 20231.

ANELIA URBAN

Typed or printed name of person
mailing application

Anelia Urban
Signature of person mailing
application

09/74397-0

21. The following fees are submitted:

BASIC NATIONAL FEE (37 CFR 1.492 (a) (1) - (5)) :

- ☐ Neither international preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) nor international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO and International Search Report not prepared by the EPO or JPO\$1000.00
- ☒ International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) not paid to USPTO but International Search Report prepared by the EPO or JPO\$860.00
- ☐ International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) not paid to USPTO but international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO\$710.00
- ☐ International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) but all claims did not satisfy provisions of PCT Article 33(1)-(4)\$690.00
- ☐ International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) and all claims satisfied provisions of PCT Article 33(1)-(4)\$100.00

ENTER APPROPRIATE BASIC FEE AMOUNT =**CALCULATIONS PTO USE ONLY**

860.00

Surcharge of \$130.00 for furnishing the oath or declaration later than ☐ 20 ☐ 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492 (e)).

CLAIMS	NUMBER FILED	NUMBER EXTRA	RATE
Total claims	16 - 20 =	0	x \$18.00
Independent claims	2 - 3 =	0	x \$80.00

Multiple Dependent Claims (check if applicable). ☐**TOTAL OF ABOVE CALCULATIONS =**

860.00

Reduction of 1/2 for filing by small entity, if applicable. Verified Small Entity Statement must also be filed (Note 37 CFR 1.9, 1.27, 1.28) (check if applicable). ☐**SUBTOTAL =**

860.00

Processing fee of \$130.00 for furnishing the English translation later than ☐ 20 ☐ 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492 (f)).**TOTAL NATIONAL FEE =**

860.00

Fee for recording the enclosed assignment (37 CFR 1.21(h)). The assignment must be accompanied by an appropriate cover sheet (37 CFR 3.28, 3.31) (check if applicable). ☐**TOTAL FEES ENCLOSED =**

40.00

900.00

Amount to be:
refunded

\$

charged

\$ 900.00

- ☐ A check in the amount of _____ to cover the above fees is enclosed.
- ☒ Please charge my Deposit Account No. 07-0832 in the amount of \$900.00 to cover the above fees.
A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.
- ☒ The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 07-0832 A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.

NOTE: Where an appropriate time limit under 37 CFR 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive (37 CFR 1.137(a) or (b)) must be filed and granted to restore the application to pending status.**SEND ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO:**

Mr. Joseph S. Tripoli
THOMSON multimedia Licensing Inc.
Patent Department
PO Box 5312
Princeton, New Jersey 08540

SIGNATURE

Joel Fogelson

NAME

43,613

REGISTRATION NUMBER

January 17, 2001

DATE

01 JAN 19 AM 10:52

DOCUMENT PROCESSING
BRANCH

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant : Philippe Mace
Filed : Herewith
For : PROCESS FOR TIME-MANAGING THE
UTILIZATION OF DATA AND DEVICE
IMPLEMENTING THE PROCESS

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Hon. Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks
Box PCT
Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

In the US national phase application of PCT/FR99/01736 filed
herewith, please enter the following amendments:

IN THE SPECIFICATION:

Please amend the specification as follows:

On Page 1, line 1, insert the amended title --METHOD FOR
TIMING DATA PROCESSING AND IMPLEMENTING DEVICE--

On Page 1, following the amended title, insert:

-- This application claims the benefit under 35 U.S.C. §
365 of International Application PCT/FR99/01736, filed July 16, 1999, which
claims the benefit of French Application No. 9809173, filed July 17, 1998.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of the Invention--

On Page 1, between line 3 and line 4, insert:

--2. Discussion of background--

On Page 2, line 15, insert:

--SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION--

On Page 4, line 7, insert:

--BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING--

On Page 4, between lines 15 and 16, insert:

--DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMEN--

IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. A device for time-managing the utilization of data detected in a data flow and constituting at least one data set, the device comprising a circuit for processing the data detected, a memory [(Z1, Z2)] making it possible to store the data detected, the data currently being processed, the processed data intended to be utilized and the processed data undergoing utilization, the utilization of the processed data having to be triggered at a given theoretical instant $[(T_R)]$, characterized in that it wherein said device comprises a circuit (MP) for calculating a minimum duration (d) of utilization of the data, which is proportional to the amount (L) of data contained in the data set.

2. The device as claimed in claim 1, [characterized in that] wherein the minimum duration (d) is an increasing function of the size of an area of the memory [(Z1, Z2)] empty of data.

3. The device as claimed in claim 2, [characterized in that] wherein the minimum duration (d) is proportional, at the instant $t+\Delta t$, to the quantity $X_p(t+\Delta t)$ such that:

$$X_p(t+\Delta t) = K_P \times EM(t+\Delta t) \text{ where}$$

K_P is a positive real number and $EM(t+\Delta t)$ a data item representing the size of the area of the memory [(Z1, Z2)] empty of data at the instant $t+\Delta t$, Δt representing the duration separating the detection of two successive data sets.

4. The device as claimed in claim 3, [characterized in that] wherein the minimum duration (d) is proportional, at the instant $t+\Delta t$, to the quantity $X_{p,i}(t+\Delta t)$ such that:

$$X_{p,i}(t+\Delta t) = X_p(t+\Delta t) + K_i \times I(t+\Delta t), \text{ where}$$

K_i is a positive real number, and

$I(t+\Delta t) = I(t) - R$ with $I(t+\Delta t)$ such that $-I_1 < I(t+\Delta t) < I_2$ and

$R = T_A - T_R$, T_A being the instant at which the utilization of the data begins and T_R the theoretical instant at which the utilization of the data is to be triggered.

5. The device as claimed in claim 4, [characterized in that] wherein the minimum duration is proportional, at the instant $t+\Delta t$, to the quantity $X_{p,i,d}(t+\Delta t)$ such that:

$X_{p,i,d}(t+\Delta t) = X_{p,i,d}(t) - K_d \times (EM(t+\Delta) - EM(t))/\Delta t$, where K_d is a positive real number.

6. The device as claimed in [any one of claims] claim 1, [to 5, characterized in that] wherein the area of the memory $[(Z1, Z2)]$ for storing the processed data intended to be utilized is divided into various memory spaces each containing a data set and [in that it] wherein said device comprises a counter $[(CNT)]$ for tagging the various memory spaces as they are being filled so that the utilized data are those contained in the memory space tagged first.

7. The device as claimed in [any one of claims] claim 1, [to 6, characterized in that] wherein the detected data set represents a subtitle consisting of coded data detected in a flow of data conveyed according to the MPEG 2 System transport standard and [in that] wherein the processing circuit is a circuit for decoding the coded data, the utilization of the data being the displaying of the decoded data on screen.

8. A decoder operating as claimed in the MPEG 2 video standard, [characterized in that it] wherein said decoder comprises [a] the device as claimed in claim 7.

9. A [process] method for time-managing the utilization of data detected in a data flow and constituting at least one data set, the process comprising a step of storing the detected data, a step of processing the stored data, a step of storing the data emanating from the processing step and a step of utilizing the stored data emanating from the processing step, the utilization of the processed data having to be triggered at a given theoretical instant (T_R) , [characterized in that] wherein said method it

comprises a step of calculating a minimum duration (d) of utilization of the data, which is proportional to the amount of data (L) contained in the data set.

10. The [process] method as claimed in claim 9, [characterized in that] wherein the minimum duration (d) is an increasing function of the size of a data storage area empty of data.

11. The [process] method as claimed in claim 10, [characterized in that] wherein the increasing function is proportional to the quantity $X_p(t+\Delta t)$ such that:

$$X_p(t+\Delta t) = K_P \times EM(t+\Delta t), \text{ where}$$

K_P is a positive real number and $EM(t+\Delta t)$ a data item representing the size of the data storage area empty of data at the instant $t+\Delta t$, Δt being a duration representing the detection of two successive subtitles.

12. The [process] method as claimed in claim 11, [characterized in that] wherein the increasing function is proportional, to the quantity $X_{p,i}(t+\Delta t)$ such that:

$$X_{p,i}(t+\Delta t) = X_p(t+\Delta t) + K_i \times I(t+\Delta t), \text{ where}$$

K_i is a positive real number, and

$$I(t+\Delta t) = I(t) - R \text{ with } I(t+\Delta t) \text{ such that } -I_1 < I(t+\Delta t) < I_2, \text{ and}$$

$R = T_A - T_R$, T_A being the instant at which the utilization of the data begins

and T_R the theoretical instant at which the utilization of the data is to be triggered.

13. The [process] method as claimed in claim 12, [characterized in that] wherein the increasing function is proportional to the quantity $X_{p,i,d}(t+\Delta t)$ such that:

$$X_{p,i,d}(t+\Delta t) = X_{p,i}(t+\Delta t) - K_d \times (EM(t+\Delta t) - EM(t)) / \Delta t, \text{ where}$$

K_d is a positive real number.

14. The [process] method as claimed in [any one of claims] claim 9, [to 13, characterized in that it] wherein said method comprises a step of counting making it possible for the utilized data to be the data emanating from the processing step which has been stored for the longest time.

15. The [process] method as claimed in [any one of claims] claim 9, [to 14, characterized in that] wherein the set of data detected in the data flow represents a subtitle consisting of coded data in a data flow conveyed according to the MPEG 2 System transport standard, [in that] wherein the processing of the data is the decoding of the coded data and [in that] wherein the utilization of the data is the displaying of the decoded data on screen.

16. The [process] method as claimed in claim 15, [characterized in that] wherein the minimum duration (d) of display of the decoded data is proportional to a parameter (m) dependent on weighting means related to the language in which the subtitle is to be displayed.

IN THE ABSTRACT:

Please add the following Abstract.

--The invention relates to a process and a device for time-managing the utilization of data detected in a data flow and constituting a data set.

The device comprises a circuit (MP) for calculating a minimum duration of utilization of the detected data, which is proportional to the amount (L) of data contained in the data set.

The invention applies more particularly to the case in which the detected data are digital data representing subtitles detected in a flow of data conveyed according to the MPEG 2 System transport standard. The utilization of the data then corresponds to the displaying of the subtitles.--

REMARKS

The specification has been amended to include a reference to the priority applications.


The above amendments to the claims have been made to eliminate the multiple dependencies and to meet the requirements of the United States.

The title has been amended to conform with the translated title of the published application (WO00/04724).

To meet the requirements of the United States, the Abstract (as originally filed in the PCT application) is added.

No fee is believed to have been incurred by virtue of this amendment. However if a fee is incurred on the basis of this amendment, please charge such fee against deposit account 07-0832

Respectfully submitted,
PHILIPPE MACE


Joel Fogelson, Attorney
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January 17, 2001

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528 Rec'd PCT/PTO 17 JAN 2001

1/PRTS

The invention relates to a process for time-managing the utilization of data detected in a data flow as well as to the device implementing the process.

The invention finds a particularly advantageous application for
5 time-managing the displaying of subtitles obtained from digital data detected in a data flow conveyed in particular but not exclusively according to the MPEG 2 System transport standard.

In most cases, a data flow conveyed according to the MPEG 2
10 System transport standard comprises a temporal reference signal commonly denoted PCR (the abbreviation PCR standing for "Program Clock Reference"). The reference signal PCR makes it possible to establish a timescale for the data contained in the flow. Moreover, the data
15 flow also contains synchronization signals commonly denoted PTS (the abbreviation PTS standing for "Presentation Time Stamp"). A synchronization signal PTS is a signal making it possible to implement an action on some of the data conveyed by the flow. For the data corresponding to a subtitle, it may, for example, involve the action of displaying the subtitle in synchronism with the appearance of an image. The display PTS signal associated with a subtitle is conveyed in the
20 header of the subtitle. Its value gives the instant at which the subtitle is to be displayed.

The subtitles generally consist of coded data. It is therefore
necessary to decode them before displaying them. The expression coded data should be understood, for example, to mean compressed data which
25 need to be decompressed before display.

In the case where, for example, the instant at which a subtitle is
to be displayed is very close to the instant at which this subtitle is detected in the flow, the displaying of a subtitle may have drawbacks. The expression "very close in time" should be understood to mean that the
30 duration which separates the instant at which the subtitle is detected is of the same order of magnitude or less than the duration required for the decoding of the data which represent the subtitle. Under these conditions, the duration of display of the subtitle may be very short and, in the extreme case, the subtitle may be lost.

35

Moreover, in other cases, the data flow conveyed according to the MPEG 2 System standard does not contain any subtitles display PTS signal. These cases correspond, for example, to simultaneous subtitling

where it is desired that the subtitles be displayed as soon as possible after having been detected and decoded. In these cases, when a short subtitle follows a long subtitle, the duration of display of the long subtitle may be less than the duration of display of the short subtitle. Thus, the possible

5 duration of display $\Delta ST1$ is then equal to:

$$\Delta ST1 = \Delta T + DST2 - DST1, \text{ where:}$$

ΔT is the interval of time separating the first subtitle ST1 and the subtitle ST2 which follows the subtitle ST1,

DST1 is the duration of decoding of the subtitle ST1, and

10 DST2 is the duration of decoding of the subtitle ST2.

For respectively long and short subtitles ST1 and ST2, the durations DST2 and DST1 are respectively short and long. It follows that the duration of display of the long subtitle ST1 is all the shorter as the subtitle ST2 is a short subtitle and the subtitle ST1 is a long subtitle.

15

The invention does not have these drawbacks.

Thus, the invention relates to a device for time-managing the utilization of data detected in a data flow and constituting at least one data set, the device comprising a circuit for processing the data detected, a
20 memory for storing the data detected, the data currently being processed, the processed data intended to be utilized and the processed data undergoing utilization, the utilization of the processed data having to be triggered at a given theoretical instant. The device comprises a circuit for calculating a minimum duration d of utilization of the data, which is
25 proportional to the amount of data contained in the data set.

The invention also relates to a process for time-managing the utilization of data detected in a data flow and constituting at least one data set, the process comprising a step of storing the detected data, a step of
30 processing the stored data, a step of storing the data emanating from the processing step and a step of utilizing the stored data emanating from the processing step, the utilization of the processed data having to be triggered at a given theoretical instant. The process comprises a step of calculating a minimum duration d of utilization of the data, which is proportional to the
35 amount of data contained in the data set.

The invention finds a particularly advantageous application in the case where the set of data detected in the data flow represents a subtitle consisting of coded data, which subtitle is to be displayed on screen after decoding the data. The decoding of the data then constitutes

the processing of the data and the displaying of the data constitutes the utilization of the data.

Thus, the invention also relates to a device such as that mentioned above according to the invention, characterized in that the
 5 detected data set represents a subtitle consisting of coded data detected in a flow of data conveyed according to the MPEG 2 System transport standard, not exclusively, and in that the processing circuit is a circuit for decoding the coded data, the utilization of the data being the displaying of the data on screen.

10 The invention further relates to a decoder operating according to a compression standard of the MPEG 2 video type, characterized in that it comprises a device such as that mentioned above according to the invention.

Likewise, the invention relates to a process such as that
 15 mentioned above, characterized in that the set of data detected in the data flow represents a subtitle consisting of coded data detected in a data flow conveyed according to the MPEG 2 System transport standard, in that the processing of the data is the decoding of the coded data and in that the utilization of the data is the displaying of the data on screen.

20 The object of the invention is to guarantee a minimum duration d of utilization of a data set, which is proportional to the amount of data which this set contains.

Once calculated, the minimum duration d is applied to a circuit
 for controlling the duration of utilization so that the duration of utilization of
 25 the data may not be less than d.

Within the framework of the particular application of the invention to the displaying of subtitles, the minimum duration of display of the subtitle can be given by the data item D(ST) such that:

30
$$D(ST) = K_{ST} \times L, \text{ L being the length of the subtitle and } K_{ST} \text{ a positive real number.}$$

The length L can be the cue relating to the length of the subtitle contained in the data flow. The length L can also be equal to the number of full lines of the decoded subtitle expressed in the form of a real number.

35 Other data relating to the subtitle can also be used to calculate the data item D(ST). This may, for example, be a parameter m dependent on the complexity of the language in which the subtitle is to be displayed. In this case, a set of languages contained in a table (not described) are associated with weighting coefficients making it possible to vary the

parameter m as a function of the language. The data item $D(ST)$ is then written:

$$D(ST) = K_{ST} \times L \times m.$$

Thus, the invention finds a particularly interesting application in
 5 respect of the broadcasting of one and the same program over a territory where various languages are used.

According to an improvement of the invention, the minimum
 duration of utilization of the data is made compatible with constraints of
 10 synchronization, durations of processing of the data before utilization and random-access memory available for storing the data.

The attached figure represents a device allowing the
 implementation of the improvement of the invention. By way of nonlimiting
 example, this improvement is described within the framework of the
 15 particular application of the displaying of subtitles.

The device comprises two memory areas $Z1$ and $Z2$, a counter CNT and a microprocessor MP .

The memory areas $Z1$ and $Z2$ are RAM-type random-access
 memory areas. The memory area $Z1$ is divided into several memory
 20 spaces $BR1, BR2, \dots, BRm$ which will hereinafter be referred to as reception buffers. Likewise, the memory area $Z2$ is divided into several memory spaces $BV1, BV2, \dots, BVn$ which will hereinafter be referred to as display buffers. As is known to the person skilled in the art, a display buffer is a memory space capable of allowing the displaying on screen of the data
 25 which it contains.

The data which represent the subtitles constitute a signal ST transmitted to the memory area $Z1$. According to the invention, the data which represent a subtitle are stored in a first reception buffer $BR1$. If the processing of the data performed in the memory area $Z2$ has not
 30 terminated, then the data which represent the next subtitle are stored in another reception buffer $BR2$. The subtitles stored in the memory area $Z1$ are transmitted to the memory area $Z2$ one after another so that a subtitle transmitted into the area $Z2$ is always the oldest one stored in the area $Z1$.

According to the preferred embodiment of the invention, each
 35 buffer of the area $Z2$ is either in a state of decoding the data which it contains, or empty of any data, or in a state awaiting display, or in a state of display. The expression buffer in a "state awaiting display" should be understood to mean that the data contained in the buffer are intended to be read for display. The expression buffer in a "state of display" should be

understood to mean that the data contained in the buffer are being read so as to be displayed on screen.

According to another embodiment of the invention, the decoding of the data is not performed in a display buffer of the area Z2 but in a reception buffer of the area Z1. It is then possible for the operation for decoding the data to be performed as and when they are received.

Preferably, the memory area Z2 is divided into 5 display buffers each of which is able to be either in a state of decoding, or empty of data, or in a state awaiting display, or in a state of display. According to the preferred embodiment of the invention, one display buffer is permanently in a state of decoding and another in a state of display. It follows that the other 3 buffers are either empty of data, or in a state awaiting display. Generally, if n is the number of buffers which the area Z2 contains, then $n-2$ buffers are either empty of data, or awaiting display.

Each time a buffer switches to the awaiting display state, a cue I is transmitted from the memory area Z2 to the microprocessor MP. In return, the microprocessor MP transmits a data item D to the counter CNT which makes it possible to increment the latter by one unit. The counter then transmits a data item E to the memory area Z2 which makes it possible to tag the buffer which has just switched to the awaiting display state. At the moment of display, the buffer in the display state is then identified as being that whose tag signals that it is the oldest.

Generally, the duration d of display calculated by the microprocessor MP at an instant t may be written:

$$d = D(ST) \times X(t), \text{ where}$$

- $D(ST)$ is the data item proportional to the subtitle length L , as defined previously, and

- $X(t)$ an increasing function of the size of an area of the memory Z2 or Z1 + Z2 empty of data.

Advantageously, the minimum duration of display of a subtitle can thus be increased when the size of the memory area empty of data increases and decreased when the size of the memory area empty of data decreases.

According to a particular embodiment of the improvement of the invention, the data item $X(t)$ is calculated so as to tend to a data item X_0 which may not be exceeded. It is then advantageously possible to avoid an accumulation of the delay in displaying the subtitles.

According to the preferred embodiment of the invention, the data item $X(t)$ is calculated according to an algorithm implementing calculations of the PID type (standing for Proportional/Integral/Differential).

5 The equation which governs the proportional regime is given by the formula:

$$X_p(t+\Delta t) = K_p \times EM(t+\Delta t), \text{ where}$$

- K_p is a positive real number, and

- $EM(t+\Delta t)$ is a data item representing the size of a memory area empty of data at the instant $t+\Delta t$, the interval of time Δt being a duration representing the detection of two successive subtitles in the flow. By way of nonlimiting example, Δt can be equal to the average duration separating the detection of two successive subtitles, which is calculated on the basis of n previously detected subtitles, n being an integer number, for example equal to 10.

15 The data item $EM(t+\Delta t)$ can be equal either to the number N of display or reception buffers which are completely empty of data at the instant $t+\Delta t$, or to the number N of display or reception buffers which are completely empty of data at the instant $t+\Delta t$, plus, at this same instant, the memory space empty of data of the display or reception buffer in the decoding state.

The equation which governs the integral regime is given by the formula:

$$X_i(t+\Delta t) = K_i \times I(t+\Delta t), \text{ where}$$

25 $I(t+\Delta t) = I(t) - R$, with $I(t+\Delta t)$ such that $-I_1 < I(t+\Delta t) < I_2$ (I_1 and I_2 positive) and $R = T_A - T_R$.

The values I_1 and I_2 are chosen so as to limit the influence of the integral term $X_i(t+\Delta t)$. T_A is the instant at which the displaying of the subtitle actually begins and T_R the theoretical instant at which the subtitle is to be displayed. The quantity R thus represents the algebraically calculated delay between the instant at which the displaying of the subtitle actually begins and the theoretical instant at which the subtitle is to be displayed.

35 In the case where within the flow there is a PTS signal relating to the displaying of a subtitle, the instant T_R is the value of the PTS. In the case where there is no PTS signal in the flow, the instant T_R is a time reference whose value is such that, for example, the quantity $T_A - T_F$ is equal to $y\%$ of the duration of decoding of the subtitle, T_F being the instant at which the subtitle is detected in the flow. By way of nonlimiting example, y can be equal to 120.

The minimum duration d of display of a subtitle grows by the quantity R if R is negative and diminishes by the quantity R if R is positive. The integral term $X_i(t+\Delta t)$ thus allows advantageous management of the successive delays r .

5

The equation which governs the differential regime is given by the formula:

$$X_d(t+\Delta t) = -K_d \times (EM(t+\Delta t) - EM(t)) / \Delta t$$

where K_d is a positive real number.

10

The contribution of the differential term to the function $X(t)$ advantageously makes it possible to take account of the rate at which the size of the memory area empty of data is changing.

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According to the preferred embodiment mentioned above, the duration of display d of a subtitle is calculated according to an algorithm implementing several PID type calculations. It follows that at the instant $t+\Delta t$ the duration d is proportional to the quantity $X_{p,i,d}(t+\Delta t)$ such that:

$X_{p,i,d}(t+\Delta t) = X_p(t+\Delta t) + X_i(t+\Delta t) + X_d(t+\Delta t)$ with $X_{min} < X_{p,i,d}(t+\Delta t) < X_o$, where X_{min} is, for example, a duration such that the duration d is substantially equal to 350 ms, below which duration a human eye is no longer aware of the showing of a subtitle on the screen.

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The invention also relates to other algorithms for calculating the duration d . These may, among others, be a proportional-type calculation algorithm (only the proportional term such as calculated above is then involved in the expression for $X(t+\Delta t)$), or alternatively a proportional/integral-type calculation algorithm (only the proportional and integral terms such as calculated above are then involved in the expression for $X(t+\Delta t)$). Generally, as mentioned previously, the algorithm for calculating the minimum duration d of display of a subtitle is an increasing function of a random access data memory area. The calculation algorithm according to the invention can be an algorithm implementing fuzzy logic.

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Once calculated, the minimum duration of display of a subtitle d is applied to a circuit (not represented in the figure) which controls the displaying of the subtitles data D_{st} emanating from the display buffer in the display state. The duration of display of the subtitle is then guaranteed to not be less than d .

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Of course, the invention is not limited to the embodiment described.

CLAIMS

1. A device for time-managing the utilization of data detected in a data flow and constituting at least one data set, the device comprising a circuit for processing the data detected, a memory (Z1, Z2) making it possible to store the data detected, the data currently being processed, the processed data intended to be utilized and the processed data undergoing utilization, the utilization of the processed data having to be triggered at a given theoretical instant (T_R), characterized in that it comprises a circuit (MP) for calculating a minimum duration (d) of utilization of the data, which is proportional to the amount (L) of data contained in the data set.

2. The device as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the minimum duration (d) is an increasing function of the size of an area of the memory (Z1, Z2) empty of data.

3. The device as claimed in claim 2, characterized in that the minimum duration (d) is proportional, at the instant $t+\Delta t$, to the quantity $X_p(t+\Delta t)$ such that:

$$X_p(t+\Delta t) = K_p \times EM(t+\Delta t) \text{ where}$$

K_p is a positive real number and $EM(t+\Delta t)$ a data item representing the size of the area of the memory (Z1, Z2) empty of data at the instant $t+\Delta t$, Δt representing the duration separating the detection of two successive data sets.

4. The device as claimed in claim 3, characterized in that the minimum duration (d) is proportional, at the instant $t+\Delta t$, to the quantity $X_{p,i}(t+\Delta t)$ such that:

$$X_{p,i}(t+\Delta t) = X_p(t+\Delta t) + K_i \times I(t+\Delta t), \text{ where}$$

K_i is a positive real number, and

$$I(t+\Delta t) = I(t) - R \text{ with } I(t+\Delta t) \text{ such that } -I_1 < I(t+\Delta t) < I_2 \text{ and}$$

$R = T_A - T_R$, T_A being the instant at which the utilization of the data begins and T_R the theoretical instant at which the utilization of the data is to be triggered.

5. The device as claimed in claim 4, characterized in that the minimum duration is proportional, at the instant $t+\Delta t$, to the quantity $X_{p,i,d}(t+\Delta t)$ such that:

$$X_{p,i,d}(t+\Delta t) = X_{p,i}(t+\Delta t) - K_d \times (EM(t+\Delta t) - EM(t)) / \Delta t, \text{ where}$$

K_d is a positive real number.

6. The device as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 5, characterized in that the area of the memory (Z1, Z2) for storing the processed data intended to be utilized is divided into various memory spaces each containing a data set and in that it comprises a counter (CNT) for tagging the various memory spaces as they are being filled so that the utilized data are those contained in the memory space tagged first.

7. The device as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 6, characterized in that the detected data set represents a subtitle consisting of coded data detected in a flow of data conveyed according to the MPEG 2 System transport standard and in that the processing circuit is a circuit for decoding the coded data, the utilization of the data being the displaying of the decoded data on screen.

8. A decoder operating as claimed in the MPEG 2 video standard, characterized in that it comprises a device as claimed in claim 7.

9. A process for time-managing the utilization of data detected in a data flow and constituting at least one data set, the process comprising a step of storing the detected data, a step of processing the stored data, a step of storing the data emanating from the processing step and a step of utilizing the stored data emanating from the processing step, the utilization of the processed data having to be triggered at a given theoretical instant (T_R), characterized in that it comprises a step of calculating a minimum duration (d) of utilization of the data, which is proportional to the amount of data (L) contained in the data set.

10. The process as claimed in claim 9, characterized in that the minimum duration (d) is an increasing function of the size of a data storage area empty of data.

11. The process as claimed in claim 10, characterized in that the increasing function is proportional to the quantity $X_p(t+\Delta t)$ such that:

$$X_p(t+\Delta t) = K_p \times EM(t+\Delta t), \text{ where}$$

K_p is a positive real number and $EM(t+\Delta t)$ a data item representing the size of the data storage area empty of data at the instant

$t+\Delta t$, Δt being a duration representing the detection of two successive subtitles.

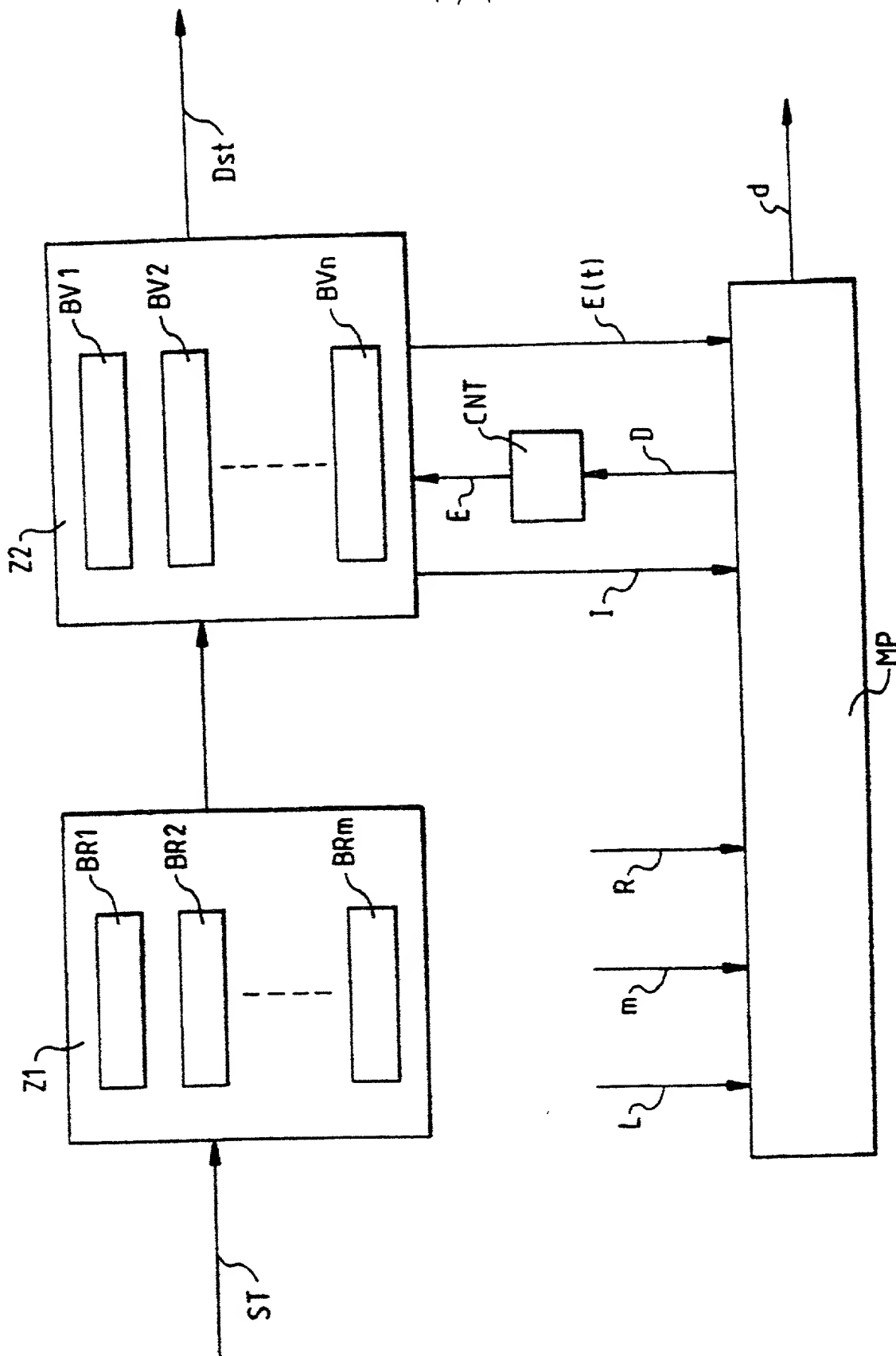
12. The process as claimed in claim 11, characterized in that
 5 the increasing function is proportional, to the quantity $X_{p,i}(t+\Delta t)$ such that:
 $X_{p,i}(t+\Delta t) = X_p(t+\Delta t) + K_i \times I(t+\Delta t)$, where
 K_i is a positive real number, and
 $I(t+\Delta t) = I(t) - R$ with $I(t+\Delta t)$ such that $-I_1 < I(t+\Delta t) < I_2$, and
 $R = T_A - T_R$, T_A being the instant at which the utilization of the
 10 data begins
 and T_R the theoretical instant at which the utilization of the data
 is to be triggered.

13. The process as claimed in claim 12, characterized in that
 15 the increasing function is proportional to the quantity $X_{p,i,d}(t+\Delta t)$ such that:
 $X_{p,i,d}(t+\Delta t) = X_{p,i}(t+\Delta t) - K_d \times (EM(t+\Delta t) - EM(t))/\Delta t$, where
 K_d is a positive real number.

14. The process as claimed in any one of claims 9 to 13,
 20 characterized in that it comprises a step of counting making it possible for
 the utilized data to be the data emanating from the processing step which
 has been stored for the longest time.

15. The process as claimed in any one of claims 9 to 14,
 25 characterized in that the set of data detected in the data flow represents a
 subtitle consisting of coded data in a data flow conveyed according to the
 MPEG 2 System transport standard, in that the processing of the data is
 the decoding of the coded data and in that the utilization of the data is the
 displaying of the decoded data on screen.

30 16. The process as claimed in claim 15, characterized in that
 the minimum duration (d) of display of the decoded data is proportional to a
 parameter (m) dependent on weighting means related to the language in
 which the subtitle is to be displayed.



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DECLARATION FOR UNITED STATES PATENT APPLICATION,
POWER OF ATTORNEY, DESIGNATION OF CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that my residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name, and that I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

PROCESS FOR TIME-MANAGING THE UTILIZATION OF DATA AND DEVICE IMPLEMENTING THE PROCESS

the specification of which

(CHECK ONE) ☐ is attached hereto.
☒ was filed on July 16, 1999, Application Serial. No. PCT/FR99/01736 and was amended on .

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with 37 CFR 1.56(a).

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 USC 119 of any foreign application(s) for patent, utility model, design or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application(s) on which priority is claimed:

Prior Foreign Application(s)			Priority Claimed	
Number	Country	Date Filed	Yes	No
9809173	FR	July 17, 1998	xx	

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 USC 120 of any US Application(s) listed below, and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this Application is not disclosed in the prior US application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 USC 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with 37 CFR 1.56(a).

Serial No.: _____ Filed: _____

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that wilful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under of 18 USC 1001 and that such wilful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

I hereby appoint the following attorneys to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith: Joseph S. Tripoli (Reg. No. 26,040), Dennis H. Irlbeck (Reg. No. 28,372), Eric Herrmann (Reg. No. 29,169) and Joseph J. Laks (Reg. No. 27,914) Telephone: (609) 734-9813.

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